

# Science of Reading Checklist: Early Elementary

## Classroom Environment

### Print-Rich Environment

- Are alphabet charts, word walls, and high-frequency word lists displayed prominently?
- Are a variety of books, including decodable texts and leveled readers, easily accessible to students?
- Is there a comfortable, dedicated reading space that encourages independent and guided reading?

### Oral Language Development

- Are daily opportunities provided for students to engage in rich oral language activities (e.g., class discussions, partner talks, storytelling)?
- Do teachers model and encourage the use of precise language and vocabulary in various contexts?

### Listening

- Are listening skills actively developed through read-alouds, activities with multistep directions, and listening comprehension activities?
- Are students encouraged to listen attentively and respond appropriately during class discussions and activities?

## Curriculum and Instruction

### Phonemic Awareness

- Is explicit instruction provided in identifying, segmenting, blending, and manipulating phonemes?
- Are advanced phonemic awareness skills, such as phoneme deletion and substitution, included in the curriculum?

### Phonics

- Are systematic, explicit phonics lessons provided that include instruction on letter-sound relationships, blending sounds, and decoding words?
- Are phonics skills applied in reading and writing activities, such as building words with manipulatives or decoding sentences?

## **Fluency**

- Are students regularly engaged in activities that promote fluency, such as repeated readings of familiar texts and phrased reading?
- Are there opportunities for students to practice reading with expression and appropriate pacing?

## **Vocabulary Development**

- Are new vocabulary words explicitly taught and reinforced across various subjects and contexts?
- Are vocabulary-building activities, such as word webs, context clues, and morphemic analysis, incorporated into daily lessons?

## **Comprehension**

- Are comprehension strategies, such as predicting, questioning, summarizing, and making connections, explicitly taught?
- Are students encouraged to engage in both literal and inferential comprehension activities during and after reading?

## **Oral Language**

- Are oral language skills integrated into daily instruction, with opportunities for students to articulate their thoughts, retell stories, and explain their reasoning?
- Are discussions and presentations used to build students' ability to use academic language effectively?

## **Writing**

- Are students provided with regular opportunities to write for various purposes, including narrative, informational, and opinion writing?
- Are phonics and spelling instruction connected to writing activities to reinforce the application of skills?

## **Instructional Strategies**

### **Differentiated Instruction**

- Are assessments used to guide differentiated instruction and meet the diverse needs of students?

- Are instructional strategies varied to support students at different stages of literacy development?

### **Interactive and Multisensory Learning**

- Are multisensory approaches, such as using manipulatives, movement, and visual aids, integrated into literacy instruction?
- Are students actively engaged in literacy activities through hands-on, interactive experiences?

### **Integrated Learning**

- Is literacy instruction connected across all content areas, reinforcing skills in subjects like math, science, and social studies?
- Are thematic units used to create meaningful connections between literacy skills and other curricular areas?

## **Assessment and Progress Monitoring**

### **Formative Assessments**

- Are informal assessments, such as running records, anecdotal notes, and checklists, regularly used to monitor student progress?
- Are assessment results used to adjust instruction and provide targeted interventions as needed?

### **Data-Driven Instruction**

- Is data from assessments used to identify students who need additional support and to plan individualized interventions?
- Are progress-monitoring tools in place to track students' growth in key literacy skills over time?

## **Family Engagement**

### **Home Literacy Environment**

- Are resources and strategies, such as reading logs, sight-word lists, and phonics practice activities, shared with families to support literacy development at home?
- Are families encouraged to engage in literacy activities with their children, such as reading together, discussing books, and practicing writing?

### **Communication With Families**

- Are regular updates provided to families regarding their child's progress in literacy, along with suggestions for home support?
- Are workshops or meetings offered to educate families on the importance of early literacy, the science of reading, and ways to support their child's learning at home?